NASHVILLE PLANTATION, MAINE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

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To the Board of Selectmen of Nashville Plantation, Maine

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nashville Plantation, Maine as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Nashville Plantation, Maine's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nashville Plantation, Maine, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Nashville Plantation, Maine, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Nashville Plantation, Maine's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Nashville Plantation, Maine's internal
 control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the
 aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Nashville Plantation, Maine's ability to
 continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on page 18 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who

considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Nashville Plantation, Maine's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information on pages 19 through 25 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by the Maine School Finance Act

In accordance with the Maine School Finance Act, we have also issued our report dated August 22, 2022 on our consideration of Nashville Plantation, Maine's compliance with the requirements of the Maine School Finance Act. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance with the Maine School Finance Act and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Nashville Plantation, Maine's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance.

Chester M. Kearney

Presque Isle, Maine August 22, 2022 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

4.000	Primary Government Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and equivalents	228,672
Total Current Assets	228,672
Non-Current Assets Investments	1.164.004
	1,164,874
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	8,195
Total Non-Current Assets	1,173,069
TOTAL ASSETS	1,401,741
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	30,421
Due to other governments	40
Total liabilities	30,461
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets	8,195
Restricted for:	·
Education	1,254
ARPA	4,438
Septic grant funds	2,012
Unrestricted	1,355,381
Total net position	1,371,280

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	·Chi	Program Revenues Operating arges for Grants and	Capital Grants and	Net (expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Primary Government Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses Se	ervices Contributions	<u>Contributions</u>	Activities
Primary Government:				
Governmental activities: Education	CC 800	5.604		den ace
	66,889	7,634		(59,255)
County tax	76,334			(76,334)
Administration	26,669	4,438		(22,231)
Ambulance service	3,762			(3,762)
Fire protection	1,247			(1,247)
Police protection	4,614			(4,614)
Solid waste disposal	9,928			(9,928)
L,U,R.C.	9,585			(9,585)
Town roads	100	236		136
Ashland recreation	1,661			(1,661)
Outside agencies	2,181			(2,181)
Septic grant	16,374		17,240	866
Total government activities	219,344	- 12,308	17,240	(189,796)
	General revenues:			
	Property taxes			49,337
27	Excise taxes			18,257
	State assistance			113,660
	Interest and inves	itment income		14,627
	Other revenues			11,397
	Unrealized loss of	n investments		(30,853)
	Total general re-	venues		176,425
	Change in net asse	ts		(13,371)
	Net Position - begi	uning of year		1,384,651
*	Net Position - end	of year		1,371,280

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

	GENERAL FUND	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
	FUND	FUNDS
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	228,672	228,672
	228,672	228,672
Non-Current Assets		
Investments	1,164,874	1,164,874
Total Assets	1,393,546	1,393,546
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	30,421	30,421
Due to other governments	40_	40
Total Liabilities	30,461	30,461
FUND BALANCES		
Restricted:		
Education	1,254	1,254
ARPA	4,438	4,438
Septic grant funds	2,012	2,012
Assigned:		
Capital projects	6,025	6,025
Fire control	33,266	33,266
Town hall repairs	3,278	3,278
Unassigned	1,312,812	1,312,812
Total Fund Balance	1,363,085	1,363,085
	1,393,546	1,393,546
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHE TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	ET TO THE	
Fund Balance		1,363,085
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not finar	icial resources and,	• •
therefore, are not reported in the fund.	-	8,195
Net position of government activities		1,371,280
		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-

GOVERNMENTAL FUND AND RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT

OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	GENERAL FUND
PDIDATE:	
REVENUES	40.225
Property taxes State assistance	49,337 138,770
Other revenues	48,719
Antel Teachines	40,/17
TOTAL REVENUES	236,826_
EXPENDITURES	
Current	
Education	66,889
County tax	76,334
Administration	25,599
Ambulance service	3,762
Fire protection	1,247
Police protection	4,614
Solid waste disposal	9,928
LURC	9,585
Town roads	100
Ashland recreation	1,661
Outside agencies	2,181
Septic grant	16,374
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	218,274
OTHER ITEMS	
Unrealized loss on investments	(30,853)
	(-4,)
EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER REVENUES	(12,301)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(12,301)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2021	1,375,386
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2022	1,363,085
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(12,301)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement	(,=,=,,)
of Activities are different because:	
Depreciation expense	(1,070)
Change in net position of governmental activities	(13,371)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Nashville Plantation, Maine, is incorporated under the laws of the State of Maine. The Plantation is a municipal corporation that operates under the Plantation meeting, and board of selectmen form of government. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of Nashville Plantation, Maine.

The financial statements of the Plantation have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The financial statements of the Plantation consist of all funds of the Plantation and government entities that are considered to be controlled by or dependent on the Plantation. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, funding, and appointment of the respective governing board. The Plantation has no entities that are controlled or dependent on the Plantation.

Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Plantation as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except the fiduciary activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities, if any, of the Plantation. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external users.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Plantation's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Plantation does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by those recipients for goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, propriety funds, if any, and fiduciary funds, if any, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd.)

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd.)

Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (cont'd.)

Fund financial statements provide information about the Plantation's funds including its fiduciary fund. Each individual fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, propriety, if any, and fiduciary, if any, are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The Plantation reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - To account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is the Plantation's operating fund.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting .

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Plantation gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, includes property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental-fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal period for which the items have been levied. This policy is believed to be in conformity with the policy of other local governments in Maine. Property taxes and inter-governmental revenues and grants are considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd.)

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd.)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (cont'd.)

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program, 2) operating or capital grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Deposits and Investments

Available cash is deposited in interest-bearing accounts to as great a degree as possible. These residual investments are classified for reporting purposes as cash. Earnings from these investments are reported by the applicable funds generating the investments. All deposits are carried at cost plus accrued interest.

The laws of the State of Maine under 30-A M.R.S.A. Sections 5706-5719 limit investment of municipal funds to investments described within that law. The law authorizes the Plantation to invest in various financial institutions insured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and the National Credit Union Association.

Repurchase agreements are allowed to the extent secured by the obligations of the United States Government, as defined in Section 5712, Subsection 1, provided that the market value of the underlying obligation is equal to or greater than the amount of the municipality's investment and that the municipality's security interest is perfected.

Investments in mutual funds are limited to bonds and other direct obligations of the United States Government or repurchase agreements secured by bonds and other direct obligations of the United States Government.

For other securities, including the above-mentioned investment vehicles, minimum security quality grade requirements are mandated in conjunction with percentage limitations of reserve amounts or portfolio balances, depending upon the type of the applicable securities purchased.

Tax acquired property

The Plantation records all tax acquired property at the lesser of fair market value or the taxes due on the property at the time of foreclosure. As of June 30, 2022, the Plantation did not have any tax acquired property.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Nashville Plantation considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three (3) months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd.)

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd.)

Receivables and Payables

All outstanding uncollected taxes are considered fully collectible by management of the Plantation. Thus, no reserve for uncollectable taxes has been established.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied as of April 1, 2021 and are used to finance the operations of the Plantation for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021. Taxes are committed for collection on November 2, 2021 and are due and payable on or before December 31, 2021. In accordance with Maine law, taxes not collected within 8 months following the date of commitment are secured by liens.

Property taxes levied during the year were recorded as receivables at the time the levy was made. The receivables collected during the year and in the first sixty days following the end of the fiscal year have been recorded as revenues. The remaining receivables have been recorded as deferred revenues. Tax liens are placed on real property within twelve months following the tax commitment date if taxes are delinquent. The Plantation has the authority to foreclose on property eighteen months after the filing of the lien if the tax lien and associated costs remain unpaid.

Capital Assets

All purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Subsequently, purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost and donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Due to the Plantation's size, the Plantation is not required to report major general infrastructure assets retroactively. It is the Plantation's policy to report major general infrastructure assets prospectively. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the Plantation as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of 2 years. These capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings	20
Equipment	5
Land and Office Improvements	15

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd.)

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd.)

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide statement, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund Equity

The Plantation follows Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). GASB 54 establishes a fund balance hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds and defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

Under the GASB #54 reporting format, fund balance is reported as follows:

- Non-spendable-Items that are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- Restricted fund balance-Resources that have constraints imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments; or amounts that have very stringent conditions imposed by external parties or law.
- Unrestricted fund balance-Has 3 components;
 - o Committed fund balance-Amounts with internally imposed restrictions mandated by the government's highest level of decision making authority which require action from that authority to be redeployed. In the case of Nashville Plantation, this action requires a vote at a town meeting.
 - Assigned fund balance-Amounts that are constrained by the government's intent that they will be used for specific purposes. Decision making authority with respect to these amounts lies with a committee or other government official (board of selectpersons) but not the highest level authority.
 - O Unassigned fund balance-This is the residual balance of the general fund which represents the remaining fund balance after allocation to the other fund balance categories. It reflects resources that are available for further appropriation and expenditure for general governmental purposes.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the Plantation or through external restrictions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd.)

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd.)

Other General Items

The Plantation is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damages to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Plantation carries commercial insurance. Settled claims, if any, resulting from these risks, have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage.

Minimum Fund Balance

The council has not adopted a financial policy to maintaining a minimum level of unrestricted fund balance in the general fund.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Abatements

The Planation negotiates property tax abatement agreements on an individual taxpayer basis. The Plantation had \$0 of tax abatements in the year ending June 30, 2022.

Compensated Absences

The Planation does not provide any post-employment benefits or paid time off for its employees.

(2) BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except for special revenue funds and the capital projects funds, which adopt project-length budgets.

The budget is prepared by the Board of Assessors. From this information, warrant articles are prepared for the annual Plantation meeting. The warrant articles include budget recommendations of the Board of Assessors as well as the prior years appropriated amounts.

The 2021-2022 fiscal budget was approved at the annual Plantation meeting held on October 20, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd.)

(3) CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Plantation's deposits at year end were covered in full by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in the amount of \$228,612.

The Plantation's cash is categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Plantation at year end. These categories are defined as follows:

- Category #1 Insured or collateralized with securities held by the Plantation or by its agent in the Plantation's name.
- Category #2 Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions
 Trust department or agent in the Plantation's name.
- Category #3 Uncollateralized, which includes any bank balance that is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or by its trust department or agent but not in the Plantation's name.

At June 30, 2022, the Plantation's funds were on deposit with the banks listed below:

CATEGORY

BANK - TYPE OF ACCOUNT	CARRYING <u>AMOUNT</u>	BANK BALANCE	<u>#1</u>	<u>#2</u>	<u>#3</u>
Katahdin Trust Company Checking account	228,572	228,612	228,612		
Petty Cash	<u>100</u>				
	228,672	228,612	228,612	None	None

The Plantation's investments carried at fair market value as of June 30 are:

Temporary Governm Cash and and Age Equivalents Issue	ency
June 30, 2022	
Fair Value 1,164,8	1,164,874
Cost = <u>1.170.8</u>	<u>1,170,846</u>
Unrealized loss $\underline{\underline{c}}$ $(\underline{\underline{5,9}}$	<u>(72)</u> (<u>5,972)</u>
June 30, 2021	
Fair Value 1,182,0	24 1,182,024
Cost <u>1,157,2</u>	<u>1,157,218</u>
Unrealized gain = 24.8	06 24.806

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd.)

(3) CASH AND INVESTMENTS (cont'd.)

The following summarizes the relationship between cost and market values of invested assets:

Balance at end of year	<u>Cost</u> 1,170,846	<u>Market</u> 1,164,874	Deficit of Market Over Cost (5,972)
Unrealized losses from prior years Total unrealized loss for the year			(24,881) (30,853)
Investments consist of: Fixed income government bonds CD's Insured money market account			157,846 237,311 769,717 1,164,874

(4) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	8,000			8,000
Equipment	2,712			2,712
Office Improvements	9,206			9,206
Land Improvements	6,837			6,837
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u> 26,755</u>			26,755
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	8,000			8,000
Equipment	2,712			2,712
Office Improvements	5,525	614		6,139
Land Improvements	1,253	<u>456</u>		1,709
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>17,490</u>	1,070		18,560
Capital assets, net	<u>9,265</u>	(1.070)	<u>()</u>	<u>8,195</u>

(5) LEGAL DEBT LIMIT

The maximum legal debt limit for the Plantation is \$1,245,000, 7.5% of the 2021 state valuation of the Plantation, which amounted to \$16,606,360.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd.)

(6) PROPERTY TAXES - GENERAL FUND

Property taxes are made up of the following:

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
Commitment Discounts and Abatements	47,507 (2,000)	49,487 _(150)	1,980 <u>1,850</u>
	<u>45,507</u>	49,337	3,830

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 Nashville Planation received approximately 50% of its property tax revenue from one taxpayer.

(7) STATE ASSISTANCE - GENERAL FUND

These revenues, at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	<u>VARIANCE</u>
Revenue Sharing	316	408	92
Education subsidy	-0-	7,634	7,634
Tree Growth	-0-	2,943	2,943
BETE Reimbursement	109,598	109,608	10
Homestead Exemption	626	701	75
Septic Grant	-0-	17,240	17,240
Other	<u>()</u>	<u>236</u>	236
	110,540	138,770	28,230

(8) OTHER REVENUES - GENERAL FUND

These revenues, at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
Interest	-0-	820	820
Investment income	-0-	13,807	13,807
Excise taxes	18,000	18,257	257
Other	-0-	<u>15,835</u>	<u>15,835</u>
	<u>18,000</u>	<u>48,719</u>	<u>30,719</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd.)

(9) RISK MANAGEMENT

Nashville Plantation is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Plantation maintains insurance coverage for part of its risk management. Expenditures and claims are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining claims, events that might create claims, but for which none have been reported, are considered. The Plantation's management estimates that the amount of actual or potential claims against the Plantation as of June 30, 2022 will not materially affect the financial condition of the Plantation.

(10) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated all subsequent events through August 22, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined that no additional disclosures are required in order for these financial statements to be fairly stated.

(11) EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2022, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the administration and septic grant functions.

(12) TAXES

As a municipal entity, the Plantation is not subject to Federal and State income taxes, accordingly it is not necessary to consider the effects of any uncertain tax positions.

The Plantation's payroll tax returns are subject to review and examination by federal and state authorities. No examinations have been conducted by the federal or state taxing authorities and no correspondence has been received from these authorities.

(13) COVID-19

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused disruption through mandated and voluntary closings. Management is presently evaluating the effect of the disruptions on operations. The related financial impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated at this time by management.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STATEMENT OF GENERAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES				
Property taxes				
Commitment	47,507	47,507	49,487	1,980
Discounts and abatements	(2,000)	(2,000)	(150)	1,850
Net property taxes	45,507	45,507	49,337	3,830
State assistance				
Revenue sharing	316	316	408	92
Education subsidy			7,634	7,634
Tree growth	1 16		2,943	2,943
BETE reimbursement	109,598	109,598	109,608	10
Homestead exemption	626	626	701	75
Miscellaneous State assistance	-	-	236	
Septic grant	•	-	17,240	17,240
Other revenues				
Interest	-	-	820	820
Investment income	-		13,807	13,807
Other	18,000	18,000	34,092	16,092
TOTAL REVENUES	174,047	174,047	236,826	62,779
EXPENDITURES				
Education	90,038	90,038	66,889	23,149
County tax	76,334	76,334	76,334	*
Administration	25,518	25,518	25,599	(81)
Ambulance service	3,762	3,762	3,762	-
Pire protection	1,247	1,247	1,247	-
Police protection	4,614	4,614	4,614	-
Solid waste disposal	11,193	11,193	9,928	1,265
LU.R.C.	9,585	9,585	9,585	
Town roads	2,000	2,000	100	1,900
Ashland recreation	1,661	1,661	1,661	-
Outside agencies	2,831	2,831	2,181	650
Septic grant			16,374	(16,374)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	228,783	228,783	218,274	10,509
OTHER ITEMS				
Unrealized loss on investments	-	*5	(30,853)	(30,853)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(54,736)	(54,736)	(12,301)	42,435
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	. (54,736)	(54,736)	(12,301)	42,435
FUND BALANCE - FULY 1, 2021			1,375,386	
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2022			1,363,085	

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			VARIANCE
	FINAL		FAVORABLE
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)
Administration			
Salaries	8,150	9,420	(1,270)
Town services	5,820	6,412	(592)
Professional fees	3,200	3,400	(200)
M.M.A.	1,414	.1,457	(43)
General government	1,600	1,390	210
Worker's compensation	500	472	28
Property and casualty insurance	2,634	2,471	163
General assistance	200		200
Incidental	.2,000		2,000
Building and property repairs	-	239	(239)
Other		338	(338)
	25,518	25,599	(81)
Outside Agencies			
A.C.A.P.	9	9	-
Aroostook Agency on Aging	50	50	124
Ashland Library	1,034	1,034	39
Ashland Summerfest	-	100	(100)
Central Aroostook Humane Society	88	88	
Homeless Services of Aroostook	100	100	3
Northern Maine Veterans Cemetery	500	500	
Patten Lumberman's Museum	100	100	
Central Arcostook Soil and Water	100	100	7
Maine Public Broadcasting	100	100	2
Nashville Cemetery	750_	150	750
	2,831	2,181	650

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSIGNED FUND BALANCES - GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		ALANCE ULY 1	 PRO- ATION	RBC	EIPTS	_	BURSE- ENTS	FRO	NSFERS DM (TO) RPLUS	 LANCE UNE 30
Assigned for Subsequent y expenditures	ears'									
Capital projects	\$	6,025	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$ 6,025
Fire control		33,266	100		97		-		90	33,266
Town hall repairs		3,278	 				-		-	3,278
	\$	42,569	\$ -	\$		\$		\$	lv .	\$ 42,569

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY VALUATION AND ASSESSMENT - GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	REAL ESTATE	PERSONAL PROPERTY	TOTAL
ASSESSED VALUATION	15,743,760	862,600	16,606,360
TAX RATE PER \$1,000			2.980
			49,487
	COMPUTATION OF ASSESSMENT		
TAX COMMITMENT Less: Abatements and discounts		49,487 (2,000) 47,487	
ESTIMATED REVENUES State Municipal Revenue Sharing Homestead Reimbursement BETE Reimbursement Other Revenue		316 626 109,598 18,000 128,540	176,027
APPROPRIATIONS Municipal Education County tax		62,410 35,303 76,334	174,047

1,980

OVERLAY

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PROPERTY TAXES - GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	TOTAL	2021/22 TAXES	2020/21 TAXES
UNCOLLECTED AT JULY 1, 2021	5,625	-	5,625
2021 COMMITMENT 2021 SUPPLEMENTAL	49,487	49,487	5,625
COLLECTIONS ABATEMENTS AND DISCOUNTS	54,962 150 55,112	49,337 150 49,487	5,625 - 5,625
UNCOLLECTED AT JUNE 30, 2022		_	
REPRESENTED BY Personal property taxes Real estate taxes (liens)	- 5	5-5 ()	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SCHOOL DEPARTMENT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES			-
Property taxes	35,303	35,303	
State assistance	5,455	7,634	2,179
	40,758	42,937	2,179
EXPENDITURES			
Instruction			
Regular	62,805	44,596	18,209
Special	15,000	9,931	5,069
Administration	5,951	4,951	1,000
Transportation	6,283	6,283	39
Local entitlement		1,128	(1,128)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	90,039	66,889	23,150
EXCESS OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(49,281)	(23,952)	25,329
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(40.001)	#2 0cm	nc 220
TEL CLANGE IN FOND BALANCE	(49,281)	(23,952)	25,329
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2021		25,206	
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2022		1,254	

RECONCILIATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO STATE MEDMS INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Education
June 30 balance as per MEDMS Financial System	\$ -
Due from Town adjustments	1,382
Expenditure adjustments	(128)
Audited GAAP Basis Fund Balance	\$ 1,254

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Granton/ Pass-through Granton/ <u>Program Title</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Agency or Pass-through <u>Number</u>	Ехр	enditures
U.S. Department of Education Pass through the State of Maine Department of Education	rtment			
IDEA/School Age	84.027	013-05A-3046-13	\$	1,486
Total Federal Awards Expended			\$	1,486

Footnotes:

-- This schedule is presented on the accrual basis

ADDITIONAL REPORT



Barbara E. McGuire, CPA, CGMA Timothy P. Poitras, CPA, CGMA

To the Board of Selectmen of Nashville Plantation, Maine

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE MAINE SCHOOL FINANCE ACT

We have audited the financial statements of Nashville Plantation, Maine as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated August 22, 2022.

The management of Nashville Plantation, Maine is responsible for the Plantation's compliance with laws and regulations. In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the Plantation's compliance with laws and regulations noncompliance with which could have a material effect on the financial statements of Nashville Plantation, Maine.

Title 20-A Sec 6051 requires certain written assurances with respect to plantation audits. Our audit of compliance with the laws and regulations consisted as a minimum the following:

- 1. A determination of whether or not the Plantation has complied with budget content requirements pursuant to section 15693.
- 2. A determination of whether or not the Plantation has complied with transfer limitations between budget cost centers pursuant to section 1485.
- 3. A determination of whether or not the Plantation has exceeded its authority to expend funds.
- A determination as to whether or not the annual financial data submitted to the department is correct.
- 5. A determination of whether or not the Plantation was in compliance with applicable provisions of the Essential Programs and Services Funding Act.

The results of our tests indicate that, for the items tested, Nashville Plantation, Maine complied with those provisions of Maine laws and regulations. Nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that for the items not tested, Nashville Plantation, Maine was not in compliance with Maine laws or regulations.

Chester M. Kearney

Presque Isle, Maine August 22, 2022